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## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the application.

## Listing of Claims

What is claimed is:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for generating a secreted soluble trimeric fusion protein, comprising:
- (a) creating a DNA construct comprising a transcriptional promoter linked to a template encoding a signal peptide sequence followed by in-frame fusion to a non-collagenous polypeptide to be trimerized, which in turn is joined in-frame to a mammalian polypeptide capable of self-trimerization which is heterologous from the first non-collagenous polypeptide to be trimerized; (b) introducing said DNA construct into a eukaryotic cell; (c) growing said host cell in an appropriate growth medium under physiological conditions to allow the secretion of a trimerized trimeric fusion-protein encoded by said DNA sequence; (d) isolating said trimerized—trimeric fusion protein from the culture medium of said host cell.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the trimerized polypeptide trimeric fusion protein is a homotrimer.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the mammalian polypeptide capable of self-trimerization—trmerizing polypeptide—comprises the C terminal portion of collagen capable of self-assembly into a trimer selected from the group consisting of pro.alpha.1(II), pro.alpha.2(I), pro.alpha.1(II),

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 $\label{eq:pro.alpha.1} $$\operatorname{pro.alpha.1}(V), \qquad \operatorname{pro.alpha.2}(V),$$$ $$\operatorname{pro.alpha.1}(XI), \operatorname{pro.alpha.2}(XI) \ and \operatorname{pro.alpha.3}(XI).$ 

- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Currently Amended) The <u>method of any one of claims 1-3</u> methods of claims 1-5, wherein the signal peptide sequence and the <u>non-collagen</u> <u>non-collagenous</u> polypeptide to be trimerized are both from the same native secreted protein.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The <u>method of any one of claims 1-3</u> methods of claims 1-5, wherein the signal peptide sequence and the non-collagenous <u>polypeptide</u> protein—to be trimerized are selected from two different secreted proteins.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The  $\underline{\text{method of claim 1}}$   $\underline{\text{methods of claim1}}$ ,  $\underline{\text{4 and 5}}$ , wherein the host eukaryotic cell is a fungal or insect cell.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The <u>method of claim 1</u> methods of claim1, 4 and 5, wherein the host eukaryotic cell is a cultured mammalian cell line.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3 methods of claims 1-5, wherein the a C-terminal portion of collagen includes a "glycine-repeat" triple helical region of collagen linked to a C-propeptide.

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11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3 methods of claim 10, wherein a the C-terminal portion of collagen is identified by SEQ ID NOS: Sequence ID Nos. 1-2.

- 12. (Currently Amended) The <u>method of claim 3 methods of claims</u> 1-5, wherein the trimerizing C-terminal portion of collagen comprises only a C-propeptide without any glycine-repeat triple helical region of collagen.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of any one of claims 10-12 methods of claims 10-12, wherein the trimerizing C-terminal portion of collagen comprises a mutated or deleted BMP-1 protease recognition sequence, thereby conferring the trimeric fusion proteins resistance to said BMP-1 protease degradation.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The <u>method of claim 12 or 13 methods of claims 12-13</u>, wherein the trimerizing C-terminal portion of collagen is identified by <u>SEQ ID NOS:</u> <u>sequence ID Nos.</u> 3-4.

15-19. (Canceled)